Using Kanban (and lean thinking) to help dysfunctional agile teams



Why me?

The hour will go something like this:

- 1. Simple explanation of Kanban
- 2. What's different about Kanban & common agile or scrum practice?
 - 3. Common agile practice problems
- 4. Stories where adding Kanban-ish practice helped teams improve

and we'll watch two cartoons...

and a documentary.

1. Kanban in 5 minutes

A Kanban is a sign



これがその**看板** 694×489 - 74k - jpg gigazine.net 類似の画像を探す



【マクドナルドの空中 299×368 - 12k - jpg mochikaz.blogspot.com 類似の画像を探す



しかもこの**看板** 640×480 - 89k - jpg candytower.com 類似の画像を探す



看板だそう 400×533 - 34k - jpg gigazine.net 類似の画像を探す



プティックのFRP造形 539×404 - 45k - jpg charako.jp 類似の画像を探す



たんぽぽ保育園児の 640×480 - 308k - jpg oohito.com 類似の画像を探す



看板・のぼ 350×350 - 75k - jpg at-imagine.com 類似の画像を探す



フラッグの**看板** 450×338 - 147k blog.goo.ne.jp 類似の画像を探す



A型**看板**ス 314×508 - 92k - jpg item.rakuten.co.jp



変てこ**看板** 480×640 - 136k - jpg stevie.ti-da.net



電柱**看板** 336×448 - 23k - jpg yomeishu.co.jp 類似の画像を探す



【マクドナルドの空中 354×400 - 21k - jpg mochikaz.blogspot.com



宮古島にお越しの際はこの 500×375 - 107k - jpg coralvegetable.ti-da.net



で↓のような**看板** 1600×1200 - 577k - jpg blog.presso-inn.com 類似の画像を探す



合成CGで看板 300×338 - 36k - jpg grandswell.co.jp 類似の画像を探す



この新しく設置された 640×480 - 32k - jpg start.hamazo.tv



富士**看板** 432×300 - 41k - gif kanban.co.jp 類似の画像を探す



看板デザイ 300×338 - 30k - jpg grandswell.co.jp 類似の画像を探す



A型看板の 663×375 - 45k - gif akanban.signmall.jp 類似の画像を探す



看板はかん 740×440 - 63k - gif kanban-ya.co.jp 類似の画像を探す



街角の看板 338×450 - 67k - jpg mabillon.jugem.cc 類似の画像を探す

A Kanban card is a sign-card representing something of value



Limiting Kanban tokens helps prevent over-production

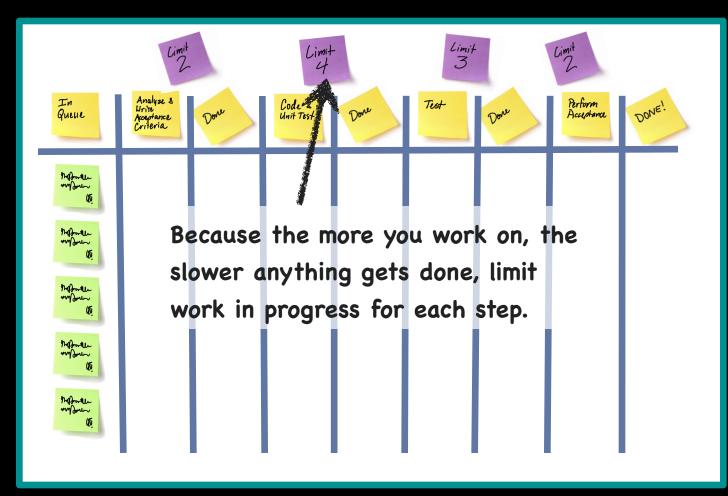


A Kanban board visualizes the flow of value

Our process for building things

Load stories here

As work progresses, move kanbans to show flow of value



2. Scrum & Kanban What's different?

Nothing

(At least nothing needs to be)

Some Lean principles in play:

- 1. Use visual control so no problems are hidden
 - 2. Level out the workload (heijunka)
- 3. Use the "pull" system to avoid overproduction (can mean developers stop working if testers can't keep up)
 - 4. Create continuous process flow to bring problems to the surface (can mean no timeboxes)

Start by using Kanban boards to visualize your current process

"Inspect and adapt" as you see fit

3. Some common problems getting going with agile

Disclaimer:

No one said agile was easy.

Having difficulty getting going with agile only makes you human.

Problem 1: QA isn't engaging

"How do you expect me to test everything when I don't see it till the last day of the sprint?"

"Why should I test if it's just going to change later?"

"How can I test without a detailed spec?"

"Tasks? I can write 'test-it' on a sticky if you want."



Problem 2: Developers only focused on their own work

"I'm working on all these stories together.

They'll be finished by the end of the sprint - I'm sure."

"I can't break this story down any more than it already is."

"I won't know what the tasks are until I start doing it."

"Why should I estimate if the release date isn't going to change?"



Problem 3: Analysts and UI people are overwhelmed

"I was up till 2 am getting ready for the next sprint - and the team's telling me I don't have the information they need!"

"I can't look at that story now... maybe tomorrow."

"Everyone wants input on what I'm doing - but they don't have time, and neither do I."



4. Stories about adding Leanish, Kanbanish practices and how it helped people improve

Disclaimer:

The stories you're about to hear are true. Only the names have been changed to protect the innocent.

Skeptical testers

The team plans an iteration

The testers don't test till
development is done - or maybe

a couple days later

The iteration finishes with testing not complete

The team seems surprised

Scrum Master: "We'll show the burndown chart so we can see we're not getting done."

Tester: "I have to write tasks?
Ok, I'll write tasks that say 'test
the story' then."

The iteration ends. Stories are still not done.



Everyone knew things weren't going right, knew what they should be doing, we just couldn't clearly see it.

Dr. Quest on controlling invisible things



Make it visible

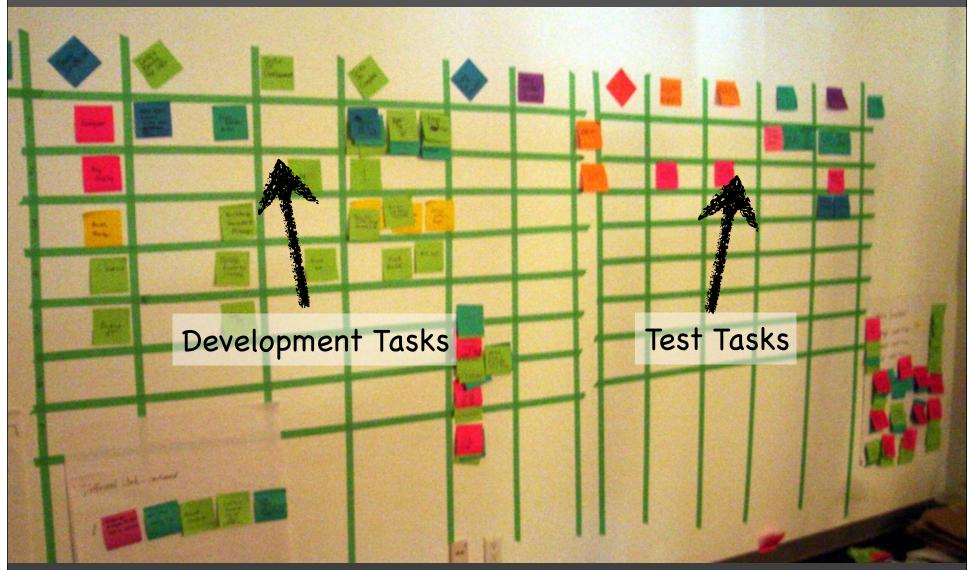
use simple visual controls so no problems are hidden

Q: What information is hidden in your work today?

Q: Does not knowing it hurt your team's ability to be effective?

Coach: "I've built a task wall. Let's load this iterations work onto it."

Test tasks are clearly visible (so no problems are hidden)



Test tasks increase in quantity and sophistication

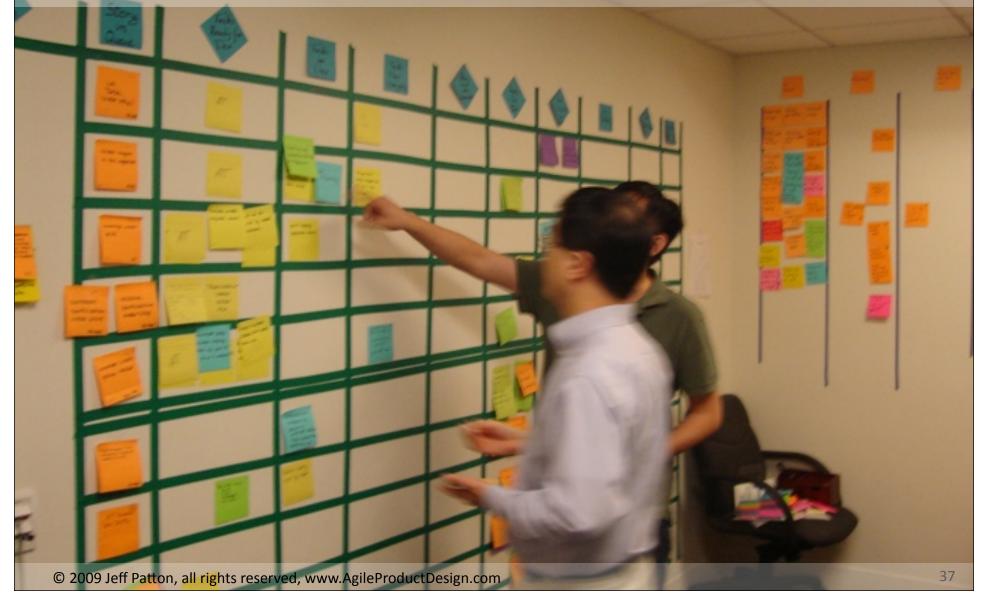


Developers begin to lean out and collaborate

Developers lower their work in progress and working with testers create "testable tasks"



Developer routinely collaborate with testers to get work moving



Meanwhile, the C++ developers boycott agile outright

The agree to deliver every six weeks into production

They commit to specific features to delivery

But estimation and those silly user stories are out

The agree to make their work visible, and build a kanban board in their team room

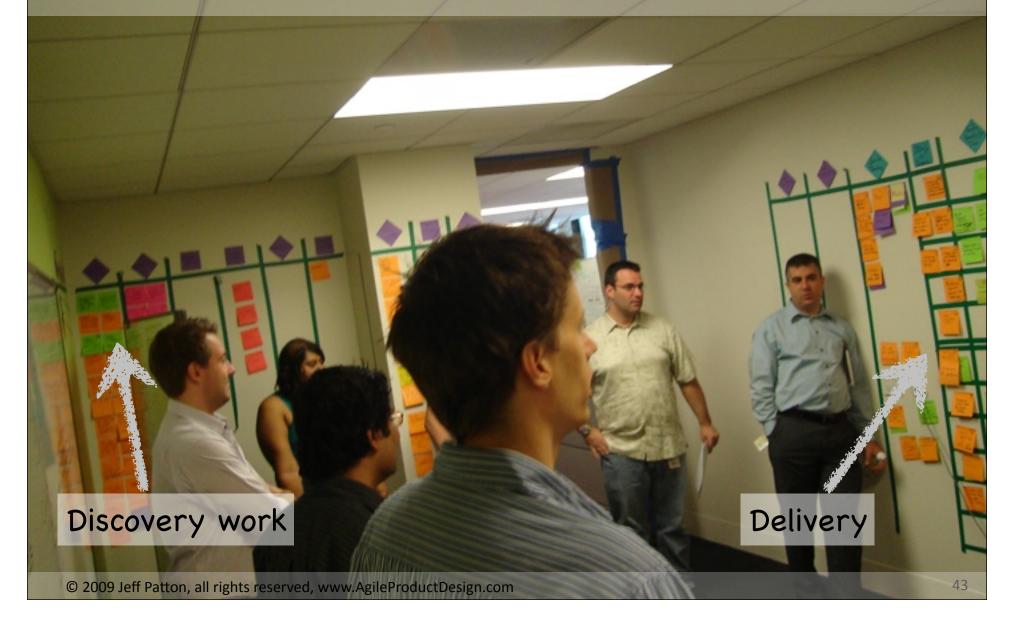


Analysts and UI people begin to visualize their work

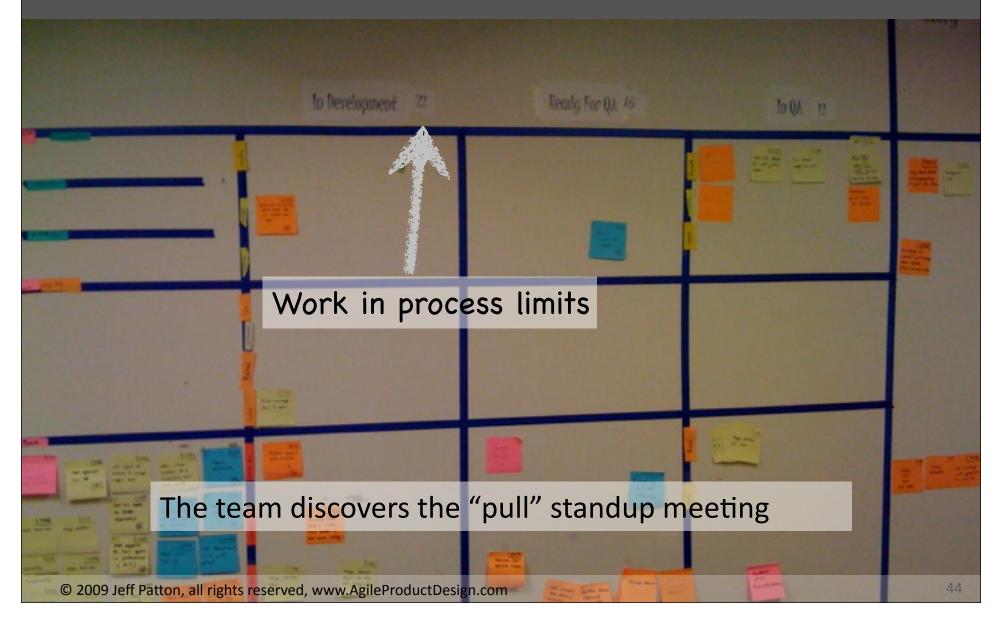
UI Designers visualize their workflow and work in progress



Standup meetings take place where all the work is visible



As the team draws near release, iteration boundaries drop, WIP limits drop, and workflow simplifies



At the end of the day, the team didn't focus on doing agile right, or doing kanban right

The team focused on collaborating, working more effectively, and delivering valuable working software

Big benefits from informative Kanban boards:

1. Simple process visualization

2. Managing flow

Keep your iteration boundaries if you want

Let you're WIP run wild - you'll see and feel it

Eric describes his team's process today - listen for flow and pull



My favorite Kanban qualites

- 1. Simple process visualization
 - 2. Managing flow

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