More Best Practices for Large-Scale Websites Lessons from eBay

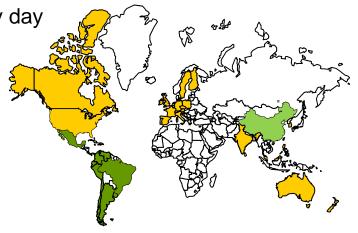
Randy Shoup eBay Chief Engineer

QCon San Francisco November 3, 2010



Challenges at Internet Scale

- eBay manages ...
 - Over 90 million active users worldwide
 - Over 1 million mobile shoppers and >11 million app downloads
 - Over 220 million items for sale
 - Over 10 billion URL requests per day
- ... in a dynamic environment
 - Tens of new features each week
 - Roughly 10% of items are listed or ended every day
- ... worldwide
 - In 39 countries and 10 languages
 - 24x7x365
- ... using
 - >10K Java application servers
 - >5K search engine nodes
 - >1K database instances
 - >85 billion read / write operations per day

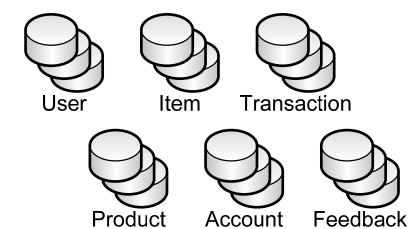




Architectural Lessons (round 1)

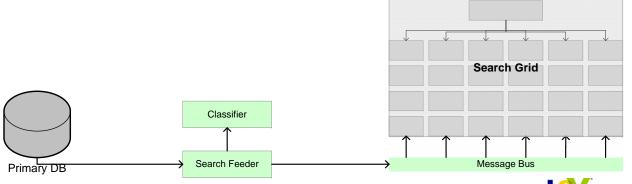
1. Partition Everything

- Functional partitioning for processing and data
- Horizontal partitioning for data ("shards")



2. Asynchrony Everywhere

- Event-driven queues and pipelines
- Multicast messaging
- Batch processing



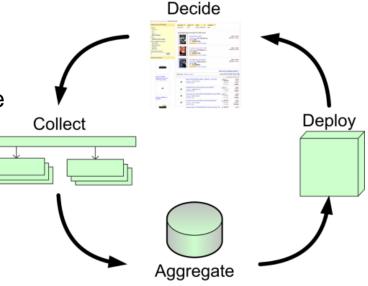


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Architectural Lessons (round 1)

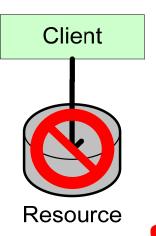
3. Automate Everything

- Components adaptively configure themselves
- Heavily leverage feedback loops and machine learning



4. Everything Fails

- Extensive monitoring for rapid failure detection
- Timeouts and retries part of every operation
- Gracefully degrade functionality under failure
- Failure cases are normal, not exceptional

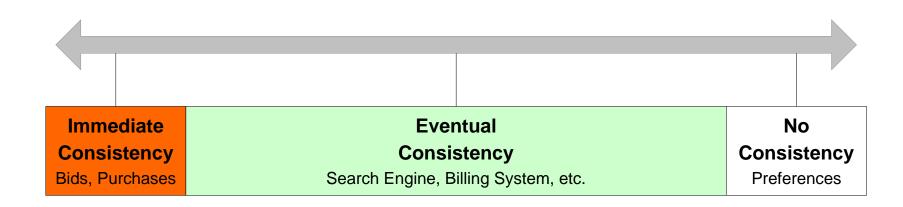




Architectural Lessons (round 1)

5. Embrace Inconsistency

- Consistency is a spectrum, and managed (in)consistency is the rule
- No distributed transactions (!)
- Minimize inconsistency through state machines and careful ordering of operations
- Eventual consistency through asynchronous recovery or reconciliation





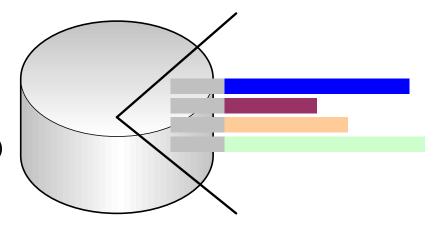
Lesson 6: Expect (R)evolution

Change is the Only Constant

- New entities and data elements
- Constant infrastructure evolution
- Regular data repartitioning and service migration
- Periodic large-scale architectural revolutions

Design for Extensibility

- Extensible Data: Flexible schemas
 - Extensible interfaces (e.g., key-value pairs)
 - Heterogeneous object storage
- Extensible Processing: Events
 - Between systems, communicate via events
 - Within system, control processing pipeline via configuration

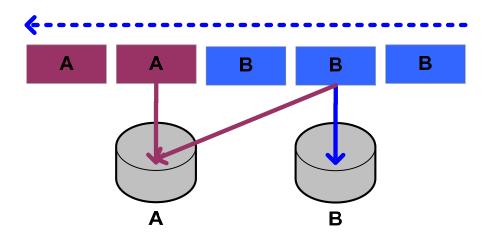




Lesson 6: Expect (R)evolution

Incremental System Change

- Decompose every system change into incremental steps
- Every step maintains strict forward / backward compatibility for data and interfaces
- Multiple versions and systems coexist constantly
 - Every change is a rolling upgrade
 - Transitional states are normal, not exceptional
 - Version A -> A|B -> B|A -> Version B
- Dual data processing and storage ("dual writes")





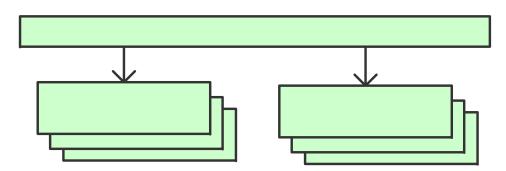
Lesson 7: Dependencies Matter

Carefully Manage Dependencies

- Minimize dependencies between systems
- Depend only on abstract interface and virtualized endpoint
- Quality-of-service guarantees must be explicit (expected latency, throughput)

Monitor Dependencies Ruthlessly

- Real-time dependency monitoring is essential for problem diagnosis and capacity provisioning
- Registries say What It Should Be (WISB) but only monitoring provides What It Really Is (WIRI)

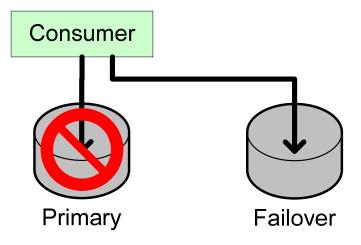




Lesson 7: Dependencies Matter

Consumer Responsibility

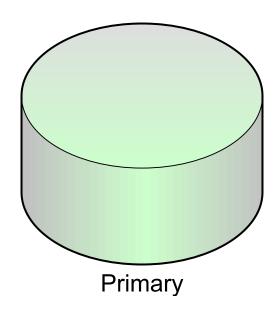
- It is fundamentally the consumer's responsibility to manage unavailability and quality-of-service violations
- (Un)availability is an inherently Leaky Abstraction
 - 1st Fallacy of Distributed Computing: "The network is reliable"
- Recovery is typically use-case-specific
 - How critical is the operation? How strong is the dependency?
- Standardized dependency-management patterns can help
 - Sync or async failover, degraded function, sync or async error, etc.





Lesson 8: Respect Authority

- Authoritative Source ("System of Record")
 - At any given time, every piece of (mission-critical) data has a single logical System of Record
 - Authority can be explicitly transferred (failure, migration)
 - Typically transactional system

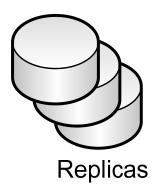


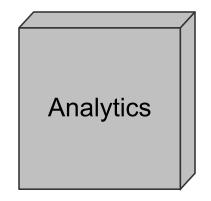


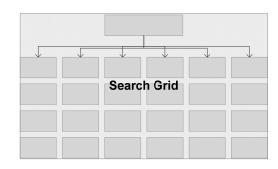
Lesson 8: Respect Authority

Non-authoritative Sources

- Every other copy is derived / cached / replicated from System of Record
 - Remote disaster replicas
 - Search engine
 - Analytics
 - Secondary keys
- Relaxed consistency guarantees with respect to System of Record
- Optimized for alternate access paths or quality-of-service properties
- Perfectly acceptable for most use-cases





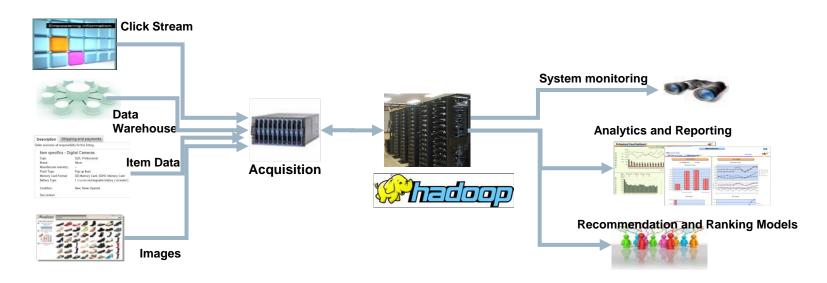




Lesson 9: Never Enough Data

Collect Everything

- eBay processes 50TB of new, incremental data per day
- eBay analyzes 50PB of data per day
- Every historical item and purchase is online or nearline

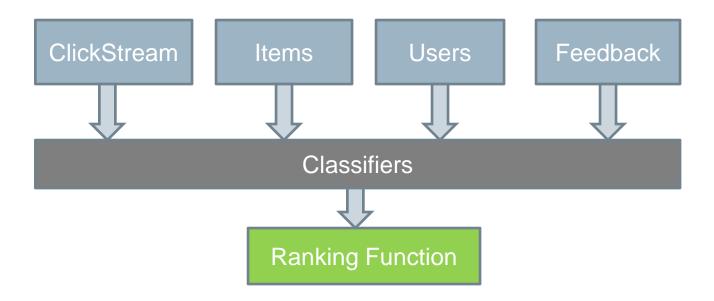


eBay has the world's largest Teradata warehouse and is building one of the world's largest Hadoop clusters

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Lesson 9: Never Enough Data

- Example: Machine-Learned Search Ranking
 - Learn models and ranking functions based on thousands of factors
 - User behavior, query factors, item factors, seller factors, etc.
 - Drive purchase recommendations



Predictions in the long tail require massive data



Lesson 10: Custom Infrastructure

Right Tool for the Right Job

- Need to maximize utilization of every resource
 - Data (memory), processing (CPU), clock time (latency), power (!)
- One size rarely fits all, particularly at scale

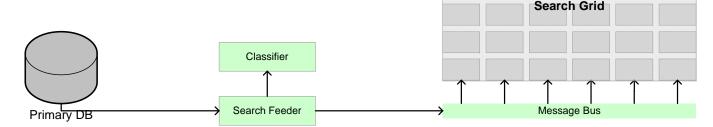
Example: Real-Time Search Engine

- In-memory inverted index with real-time lock-free index updates
- Real-time feeder pipeline with multicast messaging to the search engine

Highly flexible schema with arbitrary ranking functions, expressions, and

aggregates

Partitioned and replicated for scale







Ten Lessons

- 1. Partition Everything
- 2. Asynchrony Everywhere
- 3. Automate Everything
- 4. Everything Fails
- 5. Embrace Inconsistency

- 6. Expect (R)evolution
- 7. Dependencies Matter
- 8. Respect Authority
- 9. Never Enough Data
- 10. Custom Infrastructure



Thank you!

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